



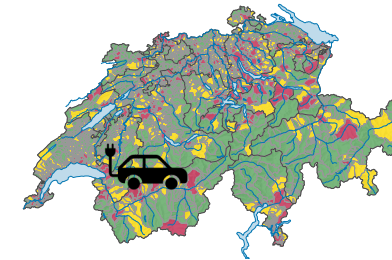
Input presentation

**Siobhan Powell, ETH Zurich**

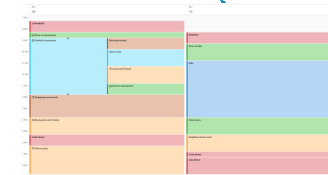
Large-scale flexibility from small-scale actors: a deep-dive on electric vehicle charging

# Modelling EV flexibility

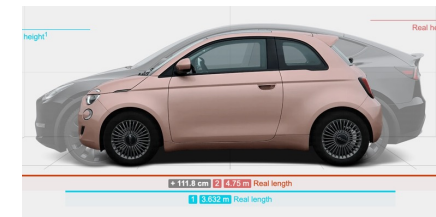
Large-scale flexibility is the sum of millions of small decisions and behaviours.



urban vs. rural



job and family commitments



vehicle choice

# Modelling EV flexibility

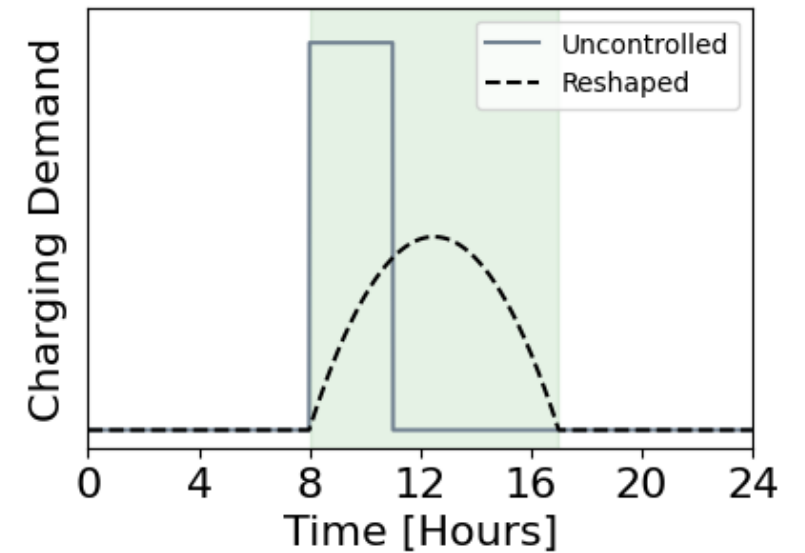
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↑  
Changing Mobility Options



↑  
Pricing and Infrastructure

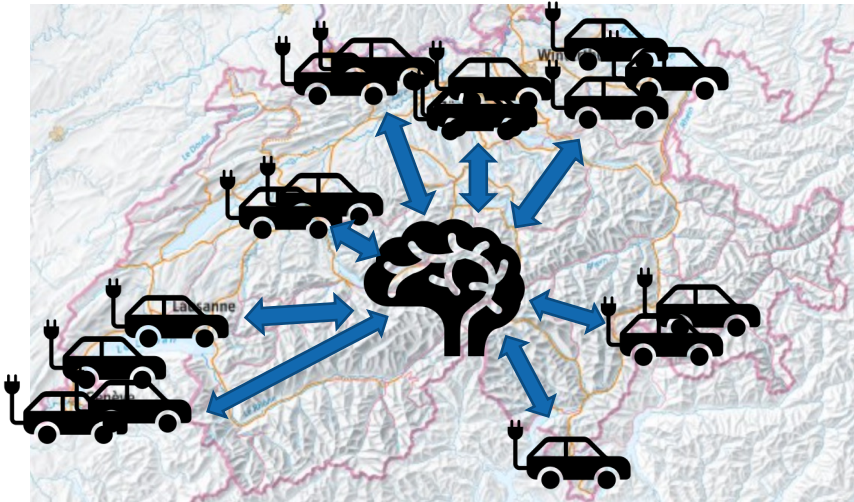


↑  
Markets and Price Signals

# Accessing EV flexibility

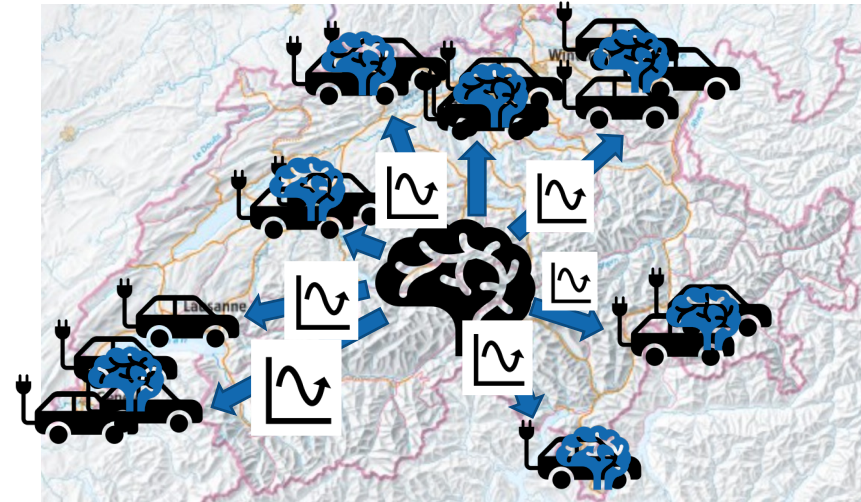
## Centralized control

- Optimal solution with direct involvement of a *central decision maker*



## Decentralized control

- Through *signals* communicated to distributed decision makers



# Distributed decision makers compare flexibility incentives with costs

## Incentives

- Profit from buying low, selling high
- Possible tax breaks
- Possible hardware subsidies



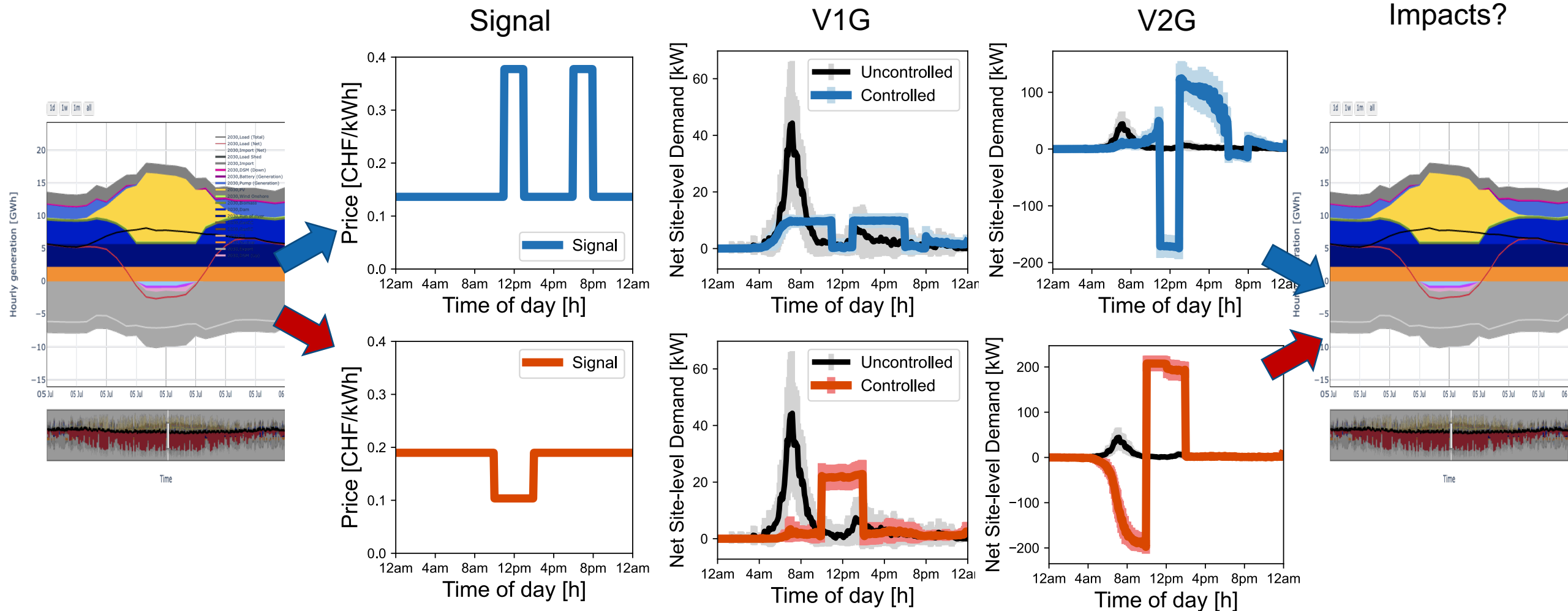
## Costs

- Hardware costs + installation
- Operations and maintenance
- Discharging regulations
- Battery degradation
- Inconvenience

## Our key findings on the business case for V2G in Switzerland:

- Difference between lowest charging price and highest discharging price must cover round-trip losses
- V2G-capable stations are very expensive; subsidies may be needed until prices fall

# What signals and incentives lead to the best system impacts?



# Summary

## Conclusions:

- Large-scale flexibility from EVs and other DERs comes from **millions of small actors**:
  - Different flexibility potential
  - Different behaviours and preferences
- Flexible EV charging is a **valuable resource** for electricity system planning and operation.
- To get the most benefit, we need **better signals** for decentralized flexibility.

## Open Challenges:

- **Business case** for small-scale flexibility
- **Implementation** of more complex signals or direct control
- Choosing the **best signal** for different objectives
- Weighing **generation-level vs. distribution grid** impacts

To get the most **benefit from EV flexibility** for the system, we need better **coordinated signals** telling decentralized actors and aggregators **where and when to charge.**